SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Identification

Product identifier Butane

Other means of identification

SDS number WC026

Recommended use Hand Torch Fuel Recommended restrictionsNone known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer/Supplier Worthington Cylinder Corporation

Address 200 Old Wilson Bridge Road

Columbus, OH 43085

United States

Email: cylinders@worthingtonindustries.com

Telephone Number: 866-928-2657

CHEMTREC - 24 HOURS:

Within US and Canada 800-424-9300

Outside US and Canada +1 703-741-5970 (collect calls accepted)

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazardsFlammable gasesCategory 1

Gases under pressure Liquefied gas

Health hazards Not classified.

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Extremely flammable gas. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Response Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition

sources if safe to do so.

Storage Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

Hazard(s) not otherwise

classified (HNOC)

May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Isobutane	75-28-5	60-80
Butane	106-97-8	20-40

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.

Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

 Butane
 SDS US

 911467
 Version #: 01
 Revision date: Issue date: 28-May-2015
 1 / 7

Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. If frostbite occurs, immerse involved area in warm water (between 100°F/38°C and 110°F/43°C, not exceeding 112°F/44°C). Keep immersed for 20 to 40 minutes. Seek medical assistance.

Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion

Ingestion is not a typical route of exposure for gases or liquefied gases.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Exposure to rapidly expanding gas or vaporizing liquid may cause frostbite ("cold burn"). Very high exposure can cause suffocation from lack of oxygen. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special Exposure may aggravate pre-existing respiratory disorders. Treat symptomatically.

treatment needed **General information**

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Dry chemical, CO2, water spray, fog, or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Full water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions Move container from fire area if it can be done without risk.

Do not extinguish fires unless gas flow can be stopped safely; explosive re-ignition may occur. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. For fires involving this material, do not enter any enclosed or confined fire space without proper protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus. Stop flow of material. Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and to protect personnel effecting shutoff. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse the vapors and to protect personnel attempting to stop leak. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply.

Specific methods General fire hazards Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Extremely flammable gas.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate the area promptly. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Keep unnecessary personnel away.

Ensure adequate ventilation. In case of inadequate ventilation, use respiratory protection. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (See Section 8).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up **Environmental precautions**

Ventilate well, stop flow of gas or liquid if possible. Immediately contact emergency personnel. For waste disposal, see Section 13 of the SDS.

Should not be released into the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sanitary sewers, waterways and/or groundwater.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Do not smoke. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not breathe gas. Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Keep away from heat, spark, open flames and other sources of

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (See Section 8). Eating, drinking, and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored, and processed. Risk of vapor concentration on the floor and in low-lying areas.

Butane SDS US

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not store, incinerate, or heat this material above 120 degrees Fahrenheit. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Secure cylinders in an upright position at all times, close all valves when not in use. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Store in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Protect cylinders from damage.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Туре	Value	
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm	
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)	STEL	1000 ppm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Cher	mical Hazards		

Components	Туре	Value	
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	1900 mg/m3	
		800 ppm	
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)	TWA	1900 mg/m3	
		800 ppm	

Biological limit values No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Exposure guidelines Follow standard monitoring procedures.

Provide adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other Appropriate engineering

engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. controls Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear approved safety glasses or goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Other Wear protective clothing appropriate for the risk of exposure.

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure Respiratory protection

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not

been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

Thermal hazards Contact with liquefied gas might cause frostbites, in some cases with tissue damage. Wear

appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practices.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Gas (Liquefied).

Compressed liquefied gas. Form

Color Colorless.

Faint. Gasoline-like. Odor

Odor threshold Not available. рH Not available.

-216.76 °F (-138.2 °C) Melting point/freezing point Initial boiling point and boiling -11.7 °F (-24.28 °C)

range

-76.3 °F (-60.2 °C) Flash point Not available. **Evaporation rate** Flammability (solid, gas) Flammable gas.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower 1.8 %

(%)

SDS US Butane 911467 Version #: 01 Revision date: -Issue date: 28-May-2015

8.4 % Flammability limit - upper

(%)

Vapor pressure 28 psig (Approximate)

Vapor density > 2 (Air = 1)0.57 (H2O = 1)Relative density

Solubility(ies)

< 0.1 % in water at 70°F Solubility (water)

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature

548.33 °F (286.85 °C)

Not available. **Decomposition temperature Viscosity** Not available.

Other information

C4-H10 Molecular formula Molecular weight 58.12 g/mol Percent volatile 100 %

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Stable under normal temperature conditions and recommended use.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Polymerization will not occur. May form explosive mixture with air. This product may react with

oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Halogens.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Carbon oxides. Hydrocarbons.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation High concentrations: Suffocation (asphyxiant) hazard - if allowed to accumulate to concentrations

> that reduce oxygen below safe breathing levels. Breathing of high concentrations may cause dizziness, light-headedness, headache, nausea and loss of coordination. Continued inhalation

may result in unconsciousness.

Skin contact Contact with liquefied gas may cause frostbite. Eye contact Contact with liquefied gas may cause frostbite.

Ingestion Not likely, due to the form of the product.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Exposure to rapidly expanding gas or vaporizing liquid may cause frostbite ("cold burn"). Very high exposure can cause suffocation from lack of oxygen. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Information on toxicological effects

High concentration: Suffocation (asphyxiant) hazard - if allowed to accumulate to concentrations **Acute toxicity**

that reduce oxygen below safe breathing levels.

Contact with liquefied gas might cause frostbites, in some cases with tissue damage. Skin corrosion/irritation

Serious eve damage/eve

Direct contact with liquefied gas may cause eye damage from frostbite.

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not classified. Skin sensitization Not classified. Germ cell mutagenicity Not classified. Carcinogenicity Not classified.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Not classified. Reproductive toxicity

Butane SDS US Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

Not classified. **Aspiration hazard**

Chronic effects May cause central nervous system effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.

Persistence and degradability The product is readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential The product is not expected to bioaccumulate.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) 2.89 Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5) 2.76

Mobility in soil May evaporate quickly. Mobility in general May evaporate quickly.

Other adverse effects None known.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Use the container until empty. Do not dispose of any non-empty container. Empty containers have

residual vapor that is flammable and explosive. Cylinders should be emptied and returned to a hazardous waste collection point. Do not puncture or incinerate even when empty. Dispose in

accordance with all applicable regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 °F

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is Contaminated packaging

emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN1011 **UN** proper shipping name **Butane**

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1 Subsidiary risk 2.1 Label(s)

Packing group Not applicable.

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions 19. T50 Packaging exceptions 306 304 Packaging non bulk Packaging bulk 314, 315

IATA

UN1011 **UN** number **UN proper shipping name** Butane

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1 Subsidiary risk 2.1 Label(s)

Not applicable. Packing group

Environmental hazards

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG

UN number UN1011 Butane **UN proper shipping name**

Butane SDS US 5/7 Transport hazard class(es)

2.1 **Class** Subsidiary risk Label(s) 2.1

Packing group Not applicable.

Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant F-D, S-U **EmS**

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not applicable.

Not listed.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) LISTED Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5) LISTED

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - No

> Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - Yes Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Yes

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)

SDS US Butane 911467 Version #: 01 Revision date: -Issue date: 28-May-2015

US. California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

International Inventories

Country(s) or regionInventory nameOn inventory (yes/no)*CanadaDomestic Substances List (DSL)YesCanadaNon-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)Yes

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory Yes

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 28-May-2015

Revision date - Version # 01

Further information Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

HMIS® ratings Health: 1

Flammability: 4 Physical hazard: 1

NFPA ratings



Disclaimer

All information in this Material Safety Data Sheet is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind is made with regard to the accuracy of information or the suitability of the recommendations contained herein. It is the user's responsibility to assess the safety and toxicity of this product under their own conditions of use and to comply with all applicable laws and regulations. Worthington Cylinder Corporation cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.

Butane SDS US