SAFETY DATA SHEET

UC101

Section 1. Identification

| Product name | : DUPLI-COLOR™ Undercoat (Paintable Rubberized) | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Product code | : UC101 | | | | |
| Other means of identification | : Not available. | | | | |
| Product type | : Aerosol. | | | | |
| Relevant identified uses of | the substance or mixture and uses advised against | | | | |
| Not applicable. | | | | | |
| Manufacturer | : Dupli-Color Products Company Cleveland, OH 44115 | | | | |
| Emergency telephone number of the company | : (216) 566-2917 | | | | |
| Product Information Telephone Number | : (800) 247-3270 | | | | |
| Regulatory Information Telephone Number | : (216) 566-2902 | | | | |

Section 2. Hazards identification

: (800) 424-9300

Transportation Emergency

Telephone Number

| OSHA/HCS status | : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). |
|---|---|
| Classification of the substance or mixture | FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (lungs) - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| | Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown oral toxicity: 57.5% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown dermal toxicity: 57.5% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown inhalation toxicity: 50. 2% |
| GHS label elements | |
| Hazard pictograms | |
| Signal word | : Danger |
| | |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| Hazard statements | Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Harmful if swallowed. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause cancer. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes damage to organs. May cause respiratory irritation. |
|----------------------------------|---|
| | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (lungs) |
| Precautionary statements | |
| General | : Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. |
| Prevention | : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe dust or mist. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. |
| Response | : Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention. |
| Storage | Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place. |
| Disposal | : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| Supplemental label elements | DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. |
| | Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Keep upright in a cool, dry place. Do not discard empty can in trash compactor. |
| Hazards not otherwise classified | : None known. |

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture | : Mixture |
|-------------------|------------------|
| Other means of | : Not available. |
| identification | |

CAS number/other identifiers

| Ingredient name | % by weight | CAS number |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Calcium Carbonate | ≥10 - ≤25 | 1317-65-3 |
| Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | ≥10 - ≤25 | 64742-88-7 |
| Propane | ≤10 | 74-98-6 |
| Butane | ≤10 | 106-97-8 |
| Asphalt (Petroleum), Oxidized | ≤10 | 64742-93-4 |
| Kaolin | ≤5 | 1332-58-7 |
| Methanol | ≤3 | 67-56-1 |
| Crystalline Silica, respirable powder | ≤0.3 | 14808-60-7 |

| Date of issue/Dat | e of revision | : 7/4/2018 | Date of previous issue | : 3/2/2018 |
|-------------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------------|------------|
| UC101 | DUPLI-COLOR™ | Undercoat (Paintab | le Rubberized) | |



Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

| first aid measures |
|--|
| Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. |
| : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |
| : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. |
| : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |
| |

| Most important symptoms/eff | ects, acute and delayed |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Potential acute health effect | <u>s</u> |
| Eye contact | : Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Inhalation | : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. |
| Skin contact | : Causes skin irritation. |
| Ingestion | : Harmful if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| Over-exposure signs/sympto | <u>oms</u> |
| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness |
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness |

Section 4. First aid measures

| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Ingestion | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting |
| Indication of immediate med | dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary |
| Notes to physician | Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. |
| Specific treatments | : No specific treatment. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

| Extinguishing media | |
|--|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : None known. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Personal precautions, protect | tive equipment and emergency procedures |
|--------------------------------|--|
| For non-emergency personnel | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| For emergency responders | : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |

| Date of issue/Dat | e of revision | : 7/4/2018 | Date of previous issue | : 3/2/2018 | Version | :8 | 4/15 |
|---|---------------|------------|------------------------|------------|---------|------------|------|
| UC101 DUPLI-COLOR™ Undercoat (Paintable Rubberized) | | | e Rubberized) | | SHW-85 | -NA-GHS-US | |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Environmental precautions | : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains |
|---------------------------|---|
| | and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental |
| | pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). |

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

| Small spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
|-------------|--|
| Large spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

| Protective measures | : | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. |
|--|---|--|
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : | Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | : | Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Calcium Carbonate | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Total OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 400 mg/m ³ 8 hours. | | |
| Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | | | |
| Date of issue/Date of revision : 7/4/2018 Date of previous issue JC101 DUPLI-COLOR™ Undercoat (Paintable Rubberized) | : 3/2/2018 Version : 8 5/15 SHW-85-NA-GHS-US | | |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Propane | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| | TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. |
| | TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 10 hours. |
| | OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). |
| | TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). Oxygen |
| | Depletion [Asphyxiant]. |
| Butane | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). |
| | TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours. |
| | TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 10 hours. |
| | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). |
| | STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. |
| Asphalt (Petroleum), Oxidized | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). |
| | TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³ , (as benzene soluble |
| | aerosol) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction |
| Kaolin | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). |
| | TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable |
| | fraction |
| | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). |
| | TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction |
| | TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Total |
| | OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). |
| | TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable |
| | fraction |
| | TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust |
| Methanol | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). |
| | Absorbed through skin. |
| | TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 260 ppm o hours. |
| | STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | STEL: 328 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. |
| | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). |
| | Absorbed through skin. |
| | TWA: 200 ppm 10 hours. |
| | TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 10 hours. |
| | STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | STEL: 325 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. |
| | OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). |
| | TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| Crystalline Silica, respirable powder | OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016). |
| | TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO2+5) 8 hours. Form: |
| | Respirable |
| | TWA: 10 mg/m ³ / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. Form: |
| | Respirable |
| | OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). |
| | TWA: 50 µg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable |
| | dust ACCIH TLV (United States 3/2017) |
| | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: |
| | Respirable fraction |
| | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). |
| | TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: respirable |
| | dust |
| | |

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 1590 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). TWA: 525 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| Propane | CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. |
| Butane | CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, |
| | 6/2017). TWA: 600 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 800 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. |
| methanol | CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). Absorbed through skin. 8 hrs OEL: 262 mg/m ³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 328 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. |
| | STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). |
| | Absorbed through skin. TWAEV: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 262 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEV: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 328 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, |
| | 7/2013). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. |

Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

: 3/2/2018

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Ingredient name | | Exposure limits | |
|-----------------|--|---|--|
| Propane | | NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). | |
| Butane | | TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). | |
| methanol | | TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). | |
| | | Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. | |
| | | STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. | |

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

| Individua | protection measures |
|-----------|---------------------|
| | |

| Hygiene measures | Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. |
|------------------------|--|
| Eye/face protection | Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. |
| Skin protection | |
| Hand protection | Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. |
| Body protection | Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. |
| Other skin protection | Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| Appearance | |
|--|---|
| Physical state | : Liquid. |
| Color | : Not available. |
| Odor | : Not available. |
| Odor threshold | : Not available. |
| рН | : Not available. |
| Melting point/freezing point | : Not available. |
| Boiling point/boiling range | : Not available. |
| Flash point | : Closed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup] |
| Evaporation rate | : 2.07 (butyl acetate = 1) |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : Not available. |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | : Lower: 1% Upper: 36.5% |
| Vapor pressure | : 101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg) [at 20°C] |
| Vapor density | : 1 [Air = 1] |
| Relative density | : 0.98 |
| Solubility | : Not available. |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : Not available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : Not available. |
| Decomposition temperature | : Not available. |
| Viscosity | : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.205 cm²/s (<20.5 cSt) |
| Molecular weight | : Not applicable. |
| Aerosol product | |
| Type of aerosol | : Spray |
| Heat of combustion | : 12.431 kJ/g |
| | |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Hazardous decomposition products | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Incompatible materials | : No specific data. |
| Conditions to avoid | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Section 11. Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|-------------------------|---|------------------------------------|--|---|
| Butane Methanol | LC50 Inhalation Vapor LC50 Inhalation Gas. LC50 Inhalation Gas. LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral | Rat Rat Rat Rabbit Rat | 658000 mg/m ³ 145000 ppm 64000 ppm 15800 mg/kg 5600 mg/kg | 4 hours 1 hours 4 hours - - |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|-------------------------|--|------------------|-------|--|-------------|
| Methanol | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 100 milligrams | - |
| | Eyes - Moderate irritant Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit Rabbit | - | 40 milligrams 24 hours 20 milligrams | - |

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|--|------|---------|--------------------------------------|
| Asphalt (Petroleum), Oxidized Crystalline Silica, respirable powder | - | 2A 1 | - Known to be a human carcinogen. |

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|---|
| Calcium Carbonate | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation |
| Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| Propane | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| Butane | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| Methanol | Category 1 Category 3 | All Not applicable. | Not determined Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

| • | | | |
|--|--|--|---|
| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
| Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent Propane Butane Kaolin Methanol Crystalline Silica, respirable powder | Category 1 Category 2 Category 2 Category 1 Category 2 Category 1 | Not determined Not determined Not determined Inhalation Not determined Inhalation | Not determined Not determined Not determined lungs Not determined Not determined |

Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result |
|---------|--|
| Propane | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

| Information on the likely routes of exposure | : | Not available. |
|--|-----|---|
| Potential acute health effe | cts | |
| Eye contact | : | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Inhalation | 1 | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. |
| Skin contact | 1 | Causes skin irritation. |
| Ingestion | : | Harmful if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| Symptoms related to the p | ohy | sical, chemical and toxicological characteristics |
| Eye contact | : | Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness |
| Inhalation | : | Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness |
| Skin contact | : | Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness |
| Ingestion | : | Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting |
| Delayed and immediate ef | fec | ts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure |
| Short term exposure | | |
| Potential immediate effects | 1 | Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : | Not available. |
| Long term exposure | | |
| Potential immediate effects | 1 | Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : | Not available. |
| Potential chronic health ef | fec | <u>ets</u> |

| Date of issue/Date | of revision | : 7/4/2018 | Date of previous issue | : 3/2/2018 |
|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------------|------------|
| UC101 | DUPLI-COLOR™ Und | ercoat (Paintable | e Rubberized) | |

Not available.

| General | : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
|-----------------------|---|
| Carcinogenicity | : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. |
| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Teratogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Developmental effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Fertility effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Numerical measures of toxicity

| Acute : | toxicit | <u>y estimates</u> |
|---------|---------|--------------------|
| | | |

| Route | ATE value |
|-------|--|
| | 1850.1 mg/kg 5550.3 mg/kg 65.11 mg/l |

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|-------------------------|---|--|----------------------|
| Methanol | Acute EC50 16.912 mg/l Marine water Acute LC50 2500000 μg/l Marine water | Algae - Ulva pertusa Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Adult | 96 hours 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 3289 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 290 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 9.96 mg/l Marine water | Fish - Danio rerio - Egg Algae - Ulva pertusa | 96 hours 96 hours |

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------|-----|-----------|
| Methanol | - | <10 | low |

Mobility in soil

| Soil/water partition | : Not available. |
|----------------------|------------------|
| coefficient (Koc) | |

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods
 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

| Date of issue/Date | of revision | : 7/4/2018 | Date of previous issue | : 3/2/2018 | Version | :8 | 12/15 |
|---|-------------|------------|------------------------|------------|---------|-----------|-------|
| UC101 DUPLI-COLOR™ Undercoat (Paintable Rubberized) | | | e Rubberized) | | SHW-85- | NA-GHS-US | |

Section 14. Transport information

| | DOT Classification | TDG Classification | Mexico Classification | IATA | IMDG |
|---|--|--|--|---|--|
| UN number | UN1950 | UN1950 | UN1950 | UN1950 | UN1950 |
| UN proper shipping name | AEROSOLS | AEROSOLS | AEROSOLS | AEROSOLS, flammable | AEROSOLS |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 |
| | TAMMARE CAS | | | | |
| Packing group | - | - | - | - | - |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. |
| Additional information | _ | Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2. 13-2.17 (Class 2). | - | - | <u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules</u> F-D, S U |
| | ERG No. | ERG No. | ERG No. | | |
| | 126 | 126 | 126 | | |
| Special precautior | consid mode suitab prior t respo unload | modal shipping describer container sizes. The container sizes of transport (sea, air ly for that mode of transport, and comparishility of the personal ding dangerous good ances and on all actional sectors and on all actional sectors and sectors a | he presence of a sl , etc.), does not ind ansport. All packagi pliance with the app offering the products s must be trained o | nipping description icate that the produ- ng must be review blicable regulations at for transport. Peo n all of the risks de | uct is packaged ed for suitability s is the sole ople loading and |
| Transport in bulk a to Annex II of MAR the IBC Code | | ailable. | | | |
| | Proper | shipping name | : Not available. | | |
| | Ship ty | - | : Not available. | | |
| | Polluti | on category | : Not available. | | |

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification | Justification |
|--|-----------------------|
| FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 | On basis of test data |
| GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas | Calculation method |
| ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 | Calculation method |
| SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 | Calculation method |
| SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A | Calculation method |
| CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A | Calculation method |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1 | Calculation method |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 | Calculation method |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 | Calculation method |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (lungs) - Category | Calculation method |
| ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 | Calculation method |

| Date of printing | : 7/4/2018 |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 7/4/2018 |
| Date of previous issue | : 3/2/2018 |
| Version | : 8 |
| Key to abbreviations | ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations |

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by Sherwin-Williams, including but not limited to the incorporation of non Sherwin-Williams products or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by Sherwin-Williams. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use

Section 16. Other information

of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.